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PTO/SB/05 (4/98)
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UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 C.F.R. § 1.53(b))

Attorney Docket No.	Y0999-331 (8728-310)
First Inventor or Application Identifier	Ramaswamy
Title	Method and System for Ensuring...
Express Mail Label No.	EL192803777US

APPLICATION ELEMENTS

See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents.

ADDRESS TO: Assistant Commissioner for Patents
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- ☒ * Fee Transmittal Form (e.g., PTO/SB/17)
(Submit an original and a duplicate for fee processing)
- ☒ Specification [Total Pages 47]
(preferred arrangement set forth below)
 - Descriptive title of the invention
 - Cross References to Related Applications
 - Statement Regarding Fed sponsored R & D
 - Reference to Microfiche Appendix
 - Background of the invention
 - Brief Summary of the invention
 - Brief Description of the Drawings (if filed)
 - Detailed Description
 - Claim(s)
 - Abstract of the Disclosure
- ☒ Drawing(s) (35 U.S.C. 113) [Total Sheets 7]
- Oath or Declaration [Total Pages 6]
 - ☒ Newly executed (original or copy)
 - ☐ Copy from a prior application (37 C.F.R. § 1.63(d))
(for continuation/divisional with Box 16 completed)
 - ☐ DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)
Signed statement attached deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application, see 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).

- ☐ Microfiche Computer Program (Appendix)
- Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission (if applicable, all necessary)
 - ☐ Computer Readable Copy
 - ☐ Paper Copy (identical to computer copy)
 - ☐ Statement verifying identity of above copies

ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS

- ☒ Assignment Papers (cover sheet & document(s))
- ☐ 37 C.F.R. § 3.73(b) Statement (when there is an assignee) ☒ Power of Attorney
- ☐ English Translation Document (if applicable)
- ☒ Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449 ☒ Copies of IDS Citations
- ☐ Preliminary Amendment
- ☒ Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503)
(Should be specifically itemized)
- * Small Entity Statement(s) ☐ Statement filed in prior application, Status still proper and desired (PTO/SB/09-12)
- ☐ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s) (if foreign priority is claimed)
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16. If a CONTINUING APPLICATION, check appropriate box, and supply the requisite information below and in a preliminary amendment:

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17. CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS

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ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. YO999-331 (8728-310)

Date: June 9, 1999

Express Mail Label: EL192803511US

Date of Deposit: June 9, 1999

Transmitted herewith for filing is the Patent Application of:

Inventors: Ganesh N. Ramaswamy, Kyle A. Jamieson, Jan Kleindienst

For: METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR ENSURING ROBUSTNESS IN NATURAL LANGUAGE UNDERSTANDING

Enclosed are: [X] 31 sheets of specification; [X] 1 sheet(s) of Abstract; [X] 15 sheet(s) of claims; [X] 7 sheet(s) of drawing(s);

- [X] An assignment of the invention to International Business Machines Corporation with Recordation Form.
[X] Declaration and Power of Attorney.
[] A certified copy of a _____ application, from which priority under Title 35 USC §119 is claimed.
[X] Associate Power of Attorney.

The filing fee has been calculated as shown below:

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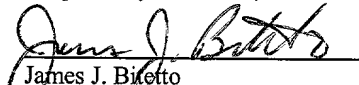
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Respectfully submitted,

By:

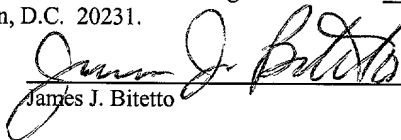

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CERTIFICATION UNDER 37 C.F.R. § 1.10

I hereby certify that this Application transmittal and the documents referred to as enclosed are being deposited with the United States Postal Service on this date September 3, 1999 in an envelope as "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" Mailing Label Number EL192803777US addressed to: Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Box Patent Application, Washington, D.C. 20231.


James J. Bitetto

METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR ENSURING ROBUSTNESS IN NATURAL
LANGUAGE UNDERSTANDING

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

5

1. Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to computer systems with natural language understanding capabilities, and more particularly to a method and system for ensuring robustness for these systems.

10

2. Description of the Related Art

For computer systems with natural language understanding (NLU) capabilities, errors can be made by the system in translating the user's input, resulting in an incorrect action being executed by the system. Presently, a typical natural language understanding system which receives a command which is incorrect carries out the command. If the system carries out this action, problems may be encountered. For example, data may be changed, memory updated or erased, or other detrimental events may occur. The occurrence of these events may require undoing the

15

20

previous command or redoing a sequence of commands to return the system to a desired state. This results in lost time and annoyance of the user.

Therefore, a need exists for a system and method for ensuring robustness in natural language understanding by determining incorrect commands and preventing their execution.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

A method, which may be implemented by employing a program storage device readable by machine, and tangibly embodying a program of instructions executable by the machine to perform method steps for ensuring robustness of a natural language understanding (NLU) system, includes tagging recognized words of a command input to the NLU system to associate the command with a context, and translating the command to at least one formal command based on the tagged words. A top ranked formal command is determined based on scoring of the tagged recognized words and scoring translations of the at least one formal command. Whether the top ranked formal command is accepted is determined by comparing a feature vector of the top ranked

formal command to representations of feature vectors stored in an accept model. The top ranked formal command is executed if accepted and incorrect commands are prevented from execution to provide a robust NLU system.

5 In other methods, which may be implemented by employing the program storage device, the step of determining a top ranked formal command may include the step of ranking formal commands based on a product of scores of the tagged words and scores of translations of the at least one formal command. The step of determining a top ranked formal command may include the step of ranking N formal commands where N is a selectable system parameter. The step of determining whether the top ranked formal command is rejected by comparing the feature vector of the top ranked formal command to feature vector representations stored in a reject model may be included. The step of providing the reject model by including representations of feature vectors of formal commands corresponding to words or sentences to be rejected may also be included.

20 The reject model may include a cluster of models. The step of clustering the cluster of models based on at least one of mistakes in commands, mistakes in arguments of the

command, and processing mistakes may further be included.
The method steps may include providing the accept model by
including representations of feature vectors of formal
commands corresponding to words or sentences to be accepted.

5 The step of determining whether the top ranked formal
command is accepted may include the step of computing a
probability of acceptance for the command. The step of
computing a probability of acceptance for the command may
include the steps of computing a probability of rejection
10 for the command and comparing the probability of acceptance
to the probability of rejection to determine if the command
is to be executed. The step of computing a probability of
acceptance for the command may include the step of comparing
the probability of acceptance to a threshold probability to
15 determine if the command is to be executed. The threshold
may be modified by the user.

In other method steps, the accept model may include a
cluster of models. The step of clustering the cluster of
models based on at least one of mistakes in commands,
20 mistakes in arguments of the command, and processing
mistakes may be included. The step of preventing incorrect
commands from execution to provide a robust NLU system, may

include executing a do nothing command responsive to the incorrect commands.

A method for building an evaluation corpus for checking commands in a natural language understanding (NLU) system includes providing a training corpus of words and sentences. The words and sentence have a user input form and a corresponding formal command associated with the user input form. At least some of corresponding formal commands include a do nothing command for incomplete and/or incorrect commands. The words and sentences of the training corpus are passed to the natural language understanding system to determine a top ranked command. The top ranked command is compared to the corresponding formal command to determine if a match exists. If a match exists, the word or sentence is placed in the accept corpus, otherwise in the reject corpus. Features from the words or sentences of the accept corpus and the reject corpus are extracted to construct a feature vector for each word or sentence, and an accept model and a reject model are constructed from the extracted feature vectors.

In other methods, the feature vectors may include tagging scores for recognized words of the word or sentence

represented by the feature vectors or translation scores for formal commands associated with the word or sentence represented by the feature vector. The feature vectors may include a do nothing score associated with words and sentences. The do nothing score indicates a probability that the do nothing command is present for associated words and sentences. The feature vectors may include a top command similarity measure for counting identical formal commands, and/or a parameter mismatch feature for measuring a number of command arguments in a translation of a command. The method may further include the step of clustering feature vectors according to selected characteristics and conditions to provide at least one of a cluster of accept models and a cluster of reject models. The accept model and the reject model may consist of mean vectors and covariance matrices of feature vectors representing the words and sentences and a number of words and sentences stored in the model.

A natural language understanding (NLU) system includes a tagger adapted for tagging recognized words of a command input to the NLU system to associate the command with a context, and a translator adapted for translating the

command to at least one formal command based on the tagged words. A robustness checker is included for determining a top ranked formal command based on scoring of the tagged recognized words and scoring translations of the at least one formal command. The robustness checker determines whether the top ranked formal command is accepted by comparing a feature vector of the top ranked formal command to feature vector representations stored in an accept model. A command executor executes the top ranked formal command if accepted and prevents incorrect commands from execution to provide a robust NLU system.

In alternate embodiments, the top ranked formal command may be ranked based on a product of scores of the tagged words and translation scores of the at least one formal command. The top ranked formal command may be selected from a ranked list of N formal commands where N is a selectable system parameter. An accept model for storing feature vector representations of accept commands may be included, and the feature vector representations may be employed to determine an acceptance probability of formal commands. The accept model may include a cluster of models.

The system may include a reject model for storing feature vector representations of reject commands. The feature vector representations are employed to be compared to a rejection probability of formal commands. The reject model may include a cluster of models. The robustness checker may include a feature extractor for extracting feature vectors from the command input. The feature vectors may include tagging scores for recognized words of a word or sentence represented by the feature vector and/or translation scores for formal commands associated with the word or sentence represented by the feature vector. The feature vectors may also include a do nothing score associated with words and sentences. The do nothing score for indicates a probability that a do nothing command is present for associated words and sentences. The do nothing command is associated with incomplete or incorrect commands which may be input as a command. The feature vectors may include a top command similarity measure for counting identical formal commands and/or a parameter mismatch feature for measuring a number of command arguments in a translation of a command. The robustness checker may include a robustness evaluator for determining whether the top ranked formal command is

accepted by comparing the top ranked formal command to feature vectors stored in an accept model.

3 A natural language understanding system includes a corpus of rejectable commands corresponding to incorrect commands capable of being input by a user and do nothing commands corresponding to the incorrect commands input to the system which maintain the system in an idle state and/or prompt the user to input a response.

8 These and other objects, features and advantages of the present invention will become apparent from the following detailed description of illustrative embodiments thereof, which is to be read in connection with the accompanying drawings.

13 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

40 The invention will be described in detail in the following description of preferred embodiments with reference to the following figures wherein:

 FIG. 1 is a block/flow diagram of a system/method for a natural language understanding (NLU) system employing a robustness checker in accordance with the present invention;

FIG. 2 is an illustrative example of output from a
tagger and a translator in accordance with the present
invention;

FIG. 3 is a block/flow diagram illustratively showing
the construction of an accept corpus and a reject corpus in
accordance with the present invention;

FIGS. 4A and 4B are block/flow diagrams showing a
system/method for constructing accept and reject models in
accordance with the present invention;

FIG. 5 is a block/flow diagram showing a robustness
checker in accordance with the present invention;

FIGS. 6A and 6B are block/flow diagrams showing a
system/method for clustering accept and reject models in
accordance with the present invention; and

FIG. 7 is a block/flow diagram showing a robustness
checker employing clustered models in accordance with the
present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

The present invention ensures robustness in computer
systems by automatically recognizing the inputs that are
likely to result in an incorrect action, and taking

preventive measures. For natural language systems, where a command is misinterpreted or incorrectly given, the present invention determines the incorrectness of the command prior to its execution and takes appropriate action. For example, incorrectly interpreted utterances are identified and mapped to a "do nothing" command, and thus the execution of a potentially incorrect command is avoided. The system can remain idle for a do nothing command or the system may prompt a user for more information.

Although confidence scoring for speech recognition systems is employed in recognizing speech, these solutions do not address the errors caused by the natural language understanding systems, do not use feature extraction based on natural language understanding, and do not have a "do nothing" command built-in explicitly into the system. These solutions are also specific to systems with spoken input only, and are not relevant to systems where the input may have come from another source, such as a typed input or a handwritten input. The present invention accommodates input from a plurality of different sources for example, handwriting recognition devices, speech recognition systems, typed text. Input devices may include a variety of devices

such as, telephones, personal digital assistants, computers, etc.

The invention provides a method and apparatus to build a statistically trainable system, which will be called a robustness checker, hereinafter, that is part of a natural language understanding system, and is capable of recognizing user inputs that are likely to have been incorrectly translated by a natural language understanding (NLU) system. The robustness checker is statistically trained using the same training data that is used to build models for the NLU system. The NLU system may include a tagger component and a translator component. When deployed as part of a real-time conversational interface, the NLU systems will produce the best choice, along with N-1 other choices (for a total of N choices) for the formal command corresponding to the user's input. The training data will include utterances for which no legal formal language statement exists, and these utterances will be mapped to a "do_nothing" command.

All the training data that was used to build the NLU models are subjected to the NLU, and on the basis of the results, the training sentences may be divided into two categories: the accept category, and the reject category.

The accept category includes all the sentences for which the NLU's first choice of formal command is correct, and the reject category includes all the sentences for which the first choice of formal command is not correct.

5 A feature vector is computed for each of the utterances. The feature vector may include one or more of the following: tagger scores, translator scores, the normalized score for the "do_nothing" command for each tagging, a command similarity measure of the N choices of formal commands from the NLU, and a parameter mismatch factor between the tagger output and the translator output. For each of the accept and reject categories, statistical models are built using the feature vectors from that category. These models are used by the robustness checker to make a decision on whether to accept or reject a formal command produced by the NLU corresponding to a new user input. When appropriate, more than one model may be built for each category to allow for clustered modeling.

20 When deployed as part of a real-time system, the robustness checker will first calculate the feature vector corresponding to each input sentence from the user, and map

the formal command produced by the NLU for that input sentence to either the accept category or the reject category. If the formal command is mapped to the accept category, then the formal command is submitted for execution. If the command is mapped to the reject category, then it is rejected and the user may be asked to repeat the input.

It should be understood that the elements shown in FIGS. 1 and 3-7 may be implemented in various forms of hardware, software or combinations thereof. Preferably, these elements are implemented in software on one or more appropriately programmed general purpose digital computers having a processor and memory and input/output interfaces. Referring now to the drawings in which like numerals represent the same or similar elements and initially to FIG. 1, a block/flow diagram an NLU system 10 and method employing a robustness checker is shown in accordance with the present invention. A user (or users) submits an input to the system 10 via user interface 100. The input from user may be in text, either typed or recognized from speech or recognized or generated from another medium. The input may also be in spoken/acoustic form or handwritten form. If

the input is in text form, such as an input submitted using a computer keyboard or personal digital assistant/telephone keypad, then the text is sent to tagger 200. If the input is not in text form, such as a spoken input or a handwritten input, then the input (from a speaker, acoustic signal or visual signal) is translated to text form using speech recognition or handwriting recognition in block 150. The recognized text is then sent to tagger 200. Techniques for speech recognition and handwriting recognition may be employed as known in the art.

Tagger 200 is responsible for recognizing classes of words and phrases present in the input sentence. For example, in a natural language interface to an electronic mail application, the user's input may be:

forward this message to David

The corresponding output from tagger 200 may be:

forward this message to NAME

where "David" has been tagged as "NAME". Tagger 200 may be built using statistical parsing techniques, such as those described in Ward, T., et al., "Towards Speech Understanding Across Multiple Languages," International Conference on

Spoken Language Processing, Sydney, Australia, December 1998, incorporated herein by reference.

The output from tagger 200 is sent to translator 300 which will assign the tagged sentence to a formal command.

5 For example, the illustrative sentence described above may be assigned to a formal command of the form:

forward_message(message=current, recipient=NAME)

Translator 200 may be built using the techniques described in Papineni, K., et al., "Feature-Based Language
10 Understanding", Eurospeech, Rhodes, Greece, September 1997, incorporated herein by reference.

Referring to FIG. 2, an illustrative example of the output from tagger 200 and translator 300 is shown. In this example, the user's input is "close the message log folder", and tagger 200 produces three possible tagged outputs 202, and associated scores 204. For example, the first choice of
15 tagger 200 is "CLOSE the FNAME FOLDER" with a score of 0.873911, which also happens to be the correct tagging for this sentence. In this example, for each of the three
20 tagged sentences, the translator 300 produces five choices of formal commands 302 and associated scores 304. The first choice of translator 300 for the first tagged sentence is

"close_folder(name=FNAME)" with a score of 0.96887374,
which also happens to be the correct translation for this
sentence. The selected formal command is "close_folder(
name="message log"), with a final score of 0.846709646214,
5 which is calculated as the multiplicative product of the
scores from tagger 200 and translator 300. In this example,
tagger 200 produces three choices, and translator 300
produces five choices for each of the three choices from
tagger 200, for a total of fifteen choices. In the general
10 case, there will be N choices of formal commands, and the
value of N is a system parameter.

In one embodiment of the invention, N is fifteen, as
in the example given in FIG. 2. The final choice of the
formal command is selected using the tagger output and the
15 translator output for which the combined multiplicative
score is the highest, and this command will be called the
top ranking formal command.

Returning to FIG. 1, the output from the tagger 200 and
translator 300, which may be of the form given in FIG. 2, is
20 sent to a robustness checker 400. The robustness checker
400 is responsible for determining if the top ranking formal
command should be accepted or rejected. If the command is

to be accepted, then it is sent to command executor 500 and the command is executed. If the command is to be rejected, then the command is not executed and the user may have to resubmit the input, perhaps using a different choice of words.

Referring to FIG. 3, an illustrative block/flow diagram shows building accept and reject corpora, according to the present invention. A training corpus 601 includes data that is used for training tagger 200a and translator 300a models.

The contents of training corpus 601 include both input sentences and the associated formal commands. In a natural language interface for an electronic mail application, for example, the contents of training corpus 601 may illustratively include the following:

```
do I have any new mail // check_new_mail()

forward this to David // forward_message(message=current,
recipient=David)

do I have any uh err // do_nothing()

it is a nice day // do_nothing()
```

The left side (before the "//" sign) includes the actual input sentences from the user, and the right side includes a

corresponding correct formal command. In accordance with the present invention, some of the sentences are mapped to a "do_nothing" command, either because they are clearly out of the domain, or because they are not complete enough to form a command, etc. The "do_nothing" command is one way robustness is ensured for the natural language system 10. All of the sentences in the training corpus 601 are subjected to tagger 200a and translator 300a. Tagger 200a is functionally equivalent to tagger 200 from FIG. 1, and translator 300a is functionally equivalent to translator 300 from FIG. 1. For each sentence in the training corpus 601, the output of the translator 300a is examined by the translation checker 600. If the output is correct (i.e. the correct formal command is selected by the system which corresponds to the correct command in the training corpus), then the sentence is added to the accept corpus 602. If the output is incorrect, then the sentence is added to the reject corpus 603.

Referring to FIGS. 4A and 4B, an example of the process and system for building accept and reject models are illustratively depicted, according to the present invention. Each of the sentences in the accept corpus 602 and the

reject corpus 603 are subjected to feature extractors 401a and 401b, respectively, both of which are functionally equivalent to each other. The feature extractors 401a and 401b are responsible for extracting a set of features for each sentence, and constructing a feature vector, v.

In one embodiment of the invention, the following features are used to construct the feature vector, v. All tagging scores and all translation scores from the output are included (see FIG. 2) in the feature vector, v. The next j features are the normalized cumulative do_nothing scores for taggings 1 through j, where j is the total number of taggings. The do_nothing score for tagging j could be written as

$$DNS_j = \sum_{i=1}^{k_j} \frac{1}{l_{ij} + 1} \dots (1)$$

where l_{ij} is the translation rank of the ith do_nothing command in tagging and k_j is the number of do_nothing translations of tagging j. In the example of FIG. 2, three taggings are given. DNS_1 , DNS_2 and DNS_3 are calculated. The do_nothing score increases when more do_nothing translations are present in a tagging or when a do_nothing translation is

assigned a higher ranking in the translations of a tagging.

Another feature is a top command similarity measure, TCS.

This TCS feature counts the number of formal commands that
5 are identical to the top command of the top tagging, without
considering the arguments of the command. For the example
in FIG. 2, `close_folder(name=FNAME)` and
`close_folder (folder =current)` would be considered
identical. This feature can be written as

$$TCS = \sum_{i=1}^k \frac{1}{k_i + 1} \quad \dots (2)$$

where k_i is the index of the i th translation that is
identical to the first, and k is the number of translations
identical to the first tagging.

Another feature includes a parameter mismatch feature,
15 which measures the number of command arguments that are
present in the translation of a command, but are not
available in the tagging of that command. For example, in
FIG. 2, where the selected formal command is `close_folder`
(`name=FNAME`) and the argument `FNAME` maps to "message log",
20 the parameter mismatch would be 0. On the other hand, if

none of the words were tagged as FNAME then argument will be incomplete, and in this case the parameter mismatch would be

1. For commands with more than one argument, the parameter mismatch may be greater than 1.

5 The feature extractor 401a extracts the features and constructs the feature vector for each sentence and submits the feature vector to a model constructor 604a. Similarly, the feature extractor 401b submits the feature vector to model constructor 604b. Model constructors 604a and 604b are functionally equivalent to each other. In one embodiment of the invention, model constructor 604a computes an accept mean vector m_A and accept covariance matrix Σ_A for all the feature vectors produced by the feature extractor 401a, corresponding to all the sentences in the accept corpus 602. An accept model 605 includes the accept mean vector m_A , the accept covariance matrix Σ_A , and the total number of sentences n_A in the accept corpus 602. Similarly, model constructor 604b computes a reject mean vector m_R and reject covariance matrix Σ_R for all the feature vectors produced by the feature extractor 401b, corresponding to all the sentences in the reject corpus 603.

The reject model 605 includes the reject mean vector m_R , the reject covariance matrix Σ_R , and the total number of sentences n_R in the reject corpus 603.

Referring to FIG.5, a robustness checker 400 is schematically shown in accordance with the present invention. Robustness checker 400 connects to translator 300. Robustness checker 400 include feature extractor 401, robustness evaluator 402, accept model 605 and reject model 606. Feature extractor 401 is functionally equivalent to feature extractors 401a and 401b described previously with reference to FIGS. 4A and 4B.

Robustness evaluator 402 is responsible for evaluating a given feature vector, calculated by feature extractor 401 using the output from translator 300 for a new sentence from the user, and determining if the corresponding formal command should be accepted (i.e. submitted for execution), or rejected.

The robustness evaluator 402 first calculates $P(A)$, the prior probability for command acceptance, and $P(R)$, the prior probability for command rejection. In one embodiment of the invention, $P(A)$ and $P(R)$ are calculated using

$$P(A) = n_A / (n_A + n_R) \quad \dots (3)$$

$$P(R) = n_R / (n_A + n_R) \quad \dots (4)$$

where n_A and n_R are the number of sentences in the accept
 5 corpus 602 and reject corpus 603, respectively.

Given a feature vector v produced by the feature
 extractor 401, the robustness evaluator 402 calculates the
 conditional probabilities $P(v|A)$ and $P(v|R)$, using

$$P(v|A) = \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{2}(v-m_A)^T \Sigma_A^{-1}(v-m_A)}}{(2\pi)^{\frac{n_A}{2}} |\Sigma_A|^{\frac{1}{2}}} \quad \dots (5)$$

$$P(v|R) = \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{2}(v-m_R)^T \Sigma_R^{-1}(v-m_R)}}{(2\pi)^{\frac{n_R}{2}} |\Sigma_R|^{\frac{1}{2}}} \quad \dots (6)$$

T represents the transpose operator for vector $v-m_A$ and
 Σ^{-1} is an inverse matrix. The classification rule is
 simple. A formal command with feature vector v is accepted
 if:

$$P(A) P(v|A) > P(R) P(v|R) \quad \dots (7)$$

and rejected otherwise. If the command is to be executed,
 then it is submitted to a command executor 500.

Variations to the classification mechanism specified by Equations (3)-(7) above will now be described in greater detail. One variation is to permit the user to modify the values of $P(A)$ and $P(R)$. In one embodiment of the invention, the user interface 100 (FIG. 1) permits the user to modify the values of $P(A)$ and $P(R)$. By changing the values of $P(A)$ and/or $P(R)$, users can modify the system behavior to suit desired preference. For example, if the user feels that too many commands are being rejected by the system, then increasing the value of $P(A)$ (or equivalently, decreasing the value of $P(R)$) would increase the acceptance rate of the commands. An extreme case is when the value of $P(R)$ is set to 0, where all commands will be accepted. Once the user modifies the values for $P(A)$ and/or $P(R)$, the classification rule of EQ. (7) is applied with the new values.

Another variation includes not using the reject model at all, and basing all decisions on the accept model only. With this variation, the reject model is not constructed, and the formal command will be accepted if

$$P(A)P(v|A) > P_{th} \quad \dots (8)$$

where P_{th} is a predetermined threshold. Determining the value for P_{th} is subjective and may be defined using trial-and-error experiments or other determination techniques. The designer of the system may choose a default value for P_{th} by trying out different values for P_{th} , and choose a value that gives a reasonable or desirable system behavior. Again, the user may be permitted to modify the value for P_{th} via the user interface 100.

Another variation includes the use of clustered accept and reject models. Referring to FIGS. 6A and 6B, schematically illustrated is an example of a process for building clustered accept and reject models, in accordance with the present invention. In this embodiment, a plurality of accept models 605 and/or reject models 606 are employed. This embodiment may be adjusted to accommodate different sets of conditions that may lead to acceptance or rejection of a command. For example, a command may be rejected due to processing errors, e.g., because of an error made by the tagger 200 (FIG. 1) or because of an error made by the translator 300 (FIG. 1). Further, different errors may be distinguished based on the type of error. For example, the

command itself could be wrong, or perhaps the command is correct but the arguments are incorrect.

The training data from accept corpus 602 is partitioned into one or more accept clusters 608 by a cluster assigner 607a which is coupled to the feature extractor 401a. A similar operation is performed for the reject corpus 603 by a cluster assigner 607b which is coupled to the feature extractor 401b. The number of clusters to be used in each case is a system parameter that needs to be selected by the designer of the system, which may be based on trial-and-error experiments or other methods.

In one embodiment of the invention, 3 clusters for both the accept clusters 608 and the reject clusters 609 (the number of clusters does not have to be the same for the accept and reject models). Assigning the data to one of the clusters can be done using rules (e.g. what kind of error resulted in the rejection), or using clustering techniques such as a K-means clustering algorithm, which is known in the art. Once the data is partitioned into the desired number of clusters, model constructors 604a and 604b construct the desired number of accept models 605 and reject models 606. Each model will have its own mean vector,

covariance matrix and number of sentences. For example, if we have 3 accept models, then accept model 1 will have accept mean vector m_{A1} , covariance matrix Σ_{A1} and number of sentences n_{A1} , and similarly for accept models 2 and 3 (and reject models as well).

Referring to FIG.7, a robustness checker is illustratively shown employing clustered models in accordance with the present invention. Robustness evaluator 402 of robustness checker 400 calculates the values $P(A_j)$ for each accept model j using:

$$P(A_j) = n_{A_j} / n_{total} \quad \dots (9)$$

where n_{A_j} is the number of sentences in accept cluster j , and n_{total} is the total number of sentences in all of the accept clusters and reject clusters. Similarly, robustness evaluator 402 calculates the values $P(R_j)$ for each reject model k using:

$$P(R_k) = n_{Rk} / n_{total} \quad \dots (10)$$

where n_{Rk} is the number of sentences in reject cluster k ,
and n_{total} is the total number of sentences in all of the
accept clusters and reject clusters.

Given a feature vector v produced by the feature extractor
401, the robustness evaluator 402 calculates the conditional
probabilities $P(v|A_j)$ and $P(v|R_k)$ for each accept cluster j
and reject cluster k , using:

$$P(v|A_j) = \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{2}(v-m_{A_j})^T \Sigma_{A_j}^{-1}(v-m_{A_j})}}{(2\pi)^{\frac{n_{A_j}}{2}} |\Sigma_{A_j}|^{\frac{1}{2}}} \quad \dots (11)$$

$$P(v|R_k) = \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{2}(v-m_{R_k})^T \Sigma_{R_k}^{-1}(v-m_{R_k})}}{(2\pi)^{\frac{n_{R_k}}{2}} |\Sigma_{R_k}|^{\frac{1}{2}}} \quad \dots (12)$$

The classification rule is as follows. A formal command with
feature vector v is accepted if the

$$\max(P(A_j)P(v|A_j)) \text{ (over all } j) > \max(P(R_k)P(v|R_k)) \text{ (over all } k) \quad \dots (13)$$

and rejected otherwise. If the command is to be executed, it
is submitted to the command executor 500 (FIG. 1) as
described above.

The present invention presents a robustness checker that can be employed by a natural language understanding system to determine if the user's natural language input has been understood correctly by the system. The robustness checker is statistically trained using the same training data that was used to build the natural language understanding system. The robustness checker calculates a feature vector for each input from the user, compares the feature vector against a set of statistical models and determines if the input should be accepted or rejected. When the input is accepted, the command associated with the input is executed. When the input is rejected, the command is not executed, and the user may have to resubmit the input.

Having described preferred embodiments of a system and method for ensuring robustness in natural language understanding (which are intended to be illustrative and not limiting), it is noted that modifications and variations can be made by persons skilled in the art in light of the above teachings. It is therefore to be understood that changes may be made in the particular embodiments of the invention disclosed which are within the scope and spirit of the

invention as outlined by the appended claims. Having thus described the invention with the details and particularity required by the patent laws, what is claimed and desired protected by Letters Patent is set forth in the appended claims.

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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method for ensuring robustness of a natural language understanding (NLU) system comprising the steps of:

tagging recognized words of a command input to the NLU system to associate the command with a context;

translating the command to at least one formal command based on the tagged words;

determining a top ranked formal command based on scoring of the tagged recognized words and scoring translations of the at least one formal command;

determining whether the top ranked formal command is accepted by comparing a feature vector of the top ranked formal command to representations of feature vectors stored in an accept model; and

executing the top ranked formal command if accepted and preventing incorrect commands from execution to provide a robust NLU system.

2. The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the step of determining a top ranked formal command includes the step of ranking formal commands based on a product of scores of

the tagged words and scores of translations of the at least one formal command.

3. The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the step
5 of determining a top ranked formal command includes the step of ranking N formal commands where N is a selectable system parameter.

4. The method as recited in claim 1, further
10 comprising the step of determining whether the top ranked formal command is rejected by comparing the feature vector of the top ranked formal command to representations of feature vectors stored in a reject model.

15 5. The method as recited in claim 4, further comprising the step of providing the reject model by including representations of feature vectors of formal commands corresponding to words or sentences to be rejected.

20 6. The method as recited in claim 4, wherein the reject model includes a cluster of models.

7. The method as recited in claim 6, further comprising the step of clustering the cluster of models based on at least one of mistakes in commands, mistakes in arguments of the command, and processing mistakes.

5

8. The method as recited in claim 1, further comprising the step of providing the accept model by including representations of feature vectors of formal commands corresponding to words or sentences to be accepted.

10

9. The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the step of determining whether the top ranked formal command is accepted includes the step of computing a probability of acceptance for the command.

15

10. The method as recited in claim 9, wherein the step of computing a probability of acceptance for the command includes the steps of:

20

computing a probability of rejection for the command and comparing the probability of acceptance to the probability of rejection to determine if the command is to be executed.

11. The method as recited in claim 9, wherein the step
of computing a probability of acceptance for the command
includes the step of comparing the probability of acceptance
to a threshold probability to determine if the command is to
be executed.

12. The method as recited in claim 11, further
comprising the step of modifying the threshold by the user.

13. The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the
accept model includes a cluster of models.

14. The method as recited in claim 13, further
comprising the step of clustering the cluster of models
based on at least one of mistakes in commands, mistakes in
arguments of the command, and processing mistakes.

15. The method as recited in claim 1, wherein the step
of preventing incorrect commands, includes executing a do
nothing command responsive to the incorrect commands.

16. A method for building an evaluation corpus for checking commands in a natural language understanding (NLU) system comprising the steps of:

providing a training corpus of words and sentences, the words and sentence having a user input form and a corresponding formal command associated with the user input form, at least some of corresponding formal commands including a do nothing command for one of incomplete and incorrect commands;

passing the words and sentences of the training corpus to the natural language understanding system to determine a top ranked command;

comparing the top ranked command to the corresponding formal command to determine if a match exists;

if a match exists, the word or sentence is placed in the accept corpus, otherwise in the reject corpus;

extracting features from the words or sentences of the accept corpus and the reject corpus to construct a feature vector for each word or sentence; and

constructing an accept model and a reject model, respectively, from the extracted feature vectors.

17. The method as recited in claim 16, wherein the feature vectors include at least one of tagging scores for recognized words of the word or sentence represented by the feature vector and translation scores for formal commands associated with the word or sentence represented by the feature vector.

18. The method as recited in claim 16, wherein the feature vectors include a do nothing score associated with words and sentences, the do nothing score for indicating a probability that the do nothing command is present for associated words and sentences.

19. The method as recited in claim 16, wherein the feature vectors include a top command similarity measure for counting identical formal commands.

20. The method as recited in claim 16, wherein the feature vectors include a parameter mismatch feature for measuring a number of command arguments in a translation of a command.

21. The method as recited in claim 16, further comprising the step of clustering feature vectors according to selected characteristics and conditions to provide at least one of a cluster of accept models and a cluster of reject models.

22. The method as recited in claim 16, wherein the accept model and the reject model consist of mean vectors and covariance matrices of feature vectors representing the words and sentences and a number of words and sentences stored in the model.

23. A program storage device readable by machine, tangibly embodying a program of instructions executable by the machine to perform method steps for ensuring robustness of a natural language understanding (NLU) system, the method steps comprising:

tagging recognized words of a command input to the NLU system to associate the command with a context;

translating the command to at least one formal command based on the tagged words;

determining a top ranked formal command based on
scoring of the tagged recognized words and scoring
translations of the at least one formal command;

determining whether the top ranked formal command is
accepted by comparing a feature vector of the top ranked
formal command to representations of feature vectors stored
in an accept model; and

executing the top ranked formal command if accepted and
preventing incorrect commands from execution to provide a
robust NLU system.

24. The program storage device as recited in claim 23,
wherein the step of determining a top ranked formal command
includes the step of ranking formal commands based on a
product of scores of the tagged words and scores of
translations of the at least one formal command.

25. The program storage device as recited in claim 23,
wherein the step of determining a top ranked formal command
includes the step of ranking N formal commands where N is a
selectable system parameter.

26. The program storage device as recited in claim 23,
further comprising the step of determining whether the top
ranked formal command is rejected by comparing the feature
vector of the top ranked formal command to representations
of feature vectors stored in a reject model.

27. The program storage device as recited in claim 26,
further comprising the step of providing the reject model by
including representations of feature vectors of formal
commands corresponding to words or sentences to be rejected.

28. The program storage device as recited in claim 26,
wherein the reject model includes a cluster of models.

29. The program storage device as recited in claim 28,
further comprising the step of clustering the cluster of
models based on at least one of mistakes in commands,
mistakes in arguments of the command, and processing
mistakes.

30. The program storage device as recited in claim 23,
further comprising the step of providing the accept model by

including representations of feature vectors of formal
commands corresponding to words or sentences to be accepted.

5 31. The program storage device as recited in claim 23,
wherein the step of determining whether the top ranked
formal command is accepted includes the step of computing a
probability of acceptance for the command.

10 32. The program storage device as recited in claim 31,
wherein the step of computing a probability of acceptance
for the command includes the steps of:

15 computing a probability of rejection for the command
and comparing the probability of acceptance to the
probability of rejection to determine if the command is to
be executed.

20 33. The program storage device as recited in claim 31,
wherein the step of computing a probability of acceptance
for the command includes the step of comparing the
probability of acceptance to a threshold probability to
determine if the command is to be executed.

34. The program storage device as recited in claim 33,
further comprising the step of modifying the threshold by
the user.

5 35. The program storage device as recited in claim 23,
wherein the accept model includes a cluster of models.

36. The program storage device as recited in claim 35,
further comprising the step of clustering the cluster of
10 models based on at least one of mistakes in commands,
mistakes in arguments of the command, and processing
mistakes.

37. The program storage device as recited in claim 23,
15 wherein the step of preventing incorrect commands, includes
executing a do nothing command responsive to the incorrect
commands.

20 38. A natural language understanding (NLU) system
comprising:

means for tagging recognized words of a command input
to the NLU system to associate the command with a context;

means for translating the command to at least one formal command based on the tagged words;

a robustness checker for determining a top ranked formal command based on scoring of the tagged recognized words and scoring translations the at least one formal command, the robustness checker for determining whether the top ranked formal command is accepted by comparing a feature vector of the top ranked formal command to representations feature vectors stored in an accept model; and

a command executor for executing the top ranked formal command if accepted and preventing incorrect commands from execution to provide a robust NLU system.

39. The system as recited in claim 38, wherein the top ranked formal command is ranked based on a product of scores of the tagged words and scores of translations of the at least one formal command.

40. The system as recited in claim 38, wherein the top ranked formal command is selected from a ranked list of N formal commands where N is a selectable system parameter.

41. The system as recited in claim 38, further comprising an accept model for storing representations of feature vectors of accept commands, the representations of feature vectors being employed to compare with a user input command to determine an acceptance probability of formal commands.

42. The method as recited in claim 41, wherein the accept model includes a cluster of models.

43. The system as recited in claim 38, further comprising a reject model for storing representations of feature vectors of reject commands, the feature vectors being employed to compare with a user input command to determine a rejection probability of formal commands.

44. The system as recited in claim 43, wherein the reject model includes a cluster of models.

45. The system as recited in claim 38, wherein the robustness checker includes a feature extractor for extracting feature vectors from the command.

46. The system as recited in claim 38, wherein the feature vectors include tagging scores for recognized words of a word or sentence represented by the feature vector and translation scores for formal commands associated with the word or sentence represented by the feature vector.

47. The system as recited in claim 38, wherein the feature vectors include a do nothing score associated with words and sentences, the do nothing score for indicating a probability that a do nothing command is present for associated words and sentences, the do nothing command being associated with incomplete or incorrect commands which may be input as a command.

48. The system as recited in claim 38, wherein the feature vectors include at least one of a top command similarity measure for counting identical formal commands and a parameter mismatch feature for measuring a number of command arguments in a translation of a command.

49. The system as recited in claim 38, wherein the robustness checker includes a robustness evaluator for

determining whether the top ranked formal command is accepted by comparing the top ranked formal command to feature vectors stored in an accept model.

5 50. A natural language understanding system comprising:

 a corpus of rejectable commands corresponding to incorrect commands capable of being input by a user; and

 do nothing commands corresponding to the incorrect
10 commands input to the system which at least one of maintain the system in an idle state and prompt the user to input a response.

METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR ENSURING ROBUSTNESS IN NATURAL
LANGUAGE UNDERSTANDING

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

5 A method and system, which may be implemented by
employing a program storage device readable by machine, and
tangibly embodying a program of instructions executable by
the machine to perform method steps for ensuring robustness
of a natural language understanding (NLU) system, includes
10 tagging recognized words of a command input to the NLU
system to associate the command with a context, and
translating the command to at least one formal command based
on the tagged words. A top ranked formal command is
determined based on scoring of the tagged recognized words
and scoring translations of the at least one formal command.
15 Whether the top ranked formal command is accepted is
determined by comparing a feature vector of the top ranked
formal command to representations of feature vectors stored
in an accept model. The top ranked formal command is
20 executed if accepted and incorrect commands are prevented
from execution to provide a robust NLU system.

10
~

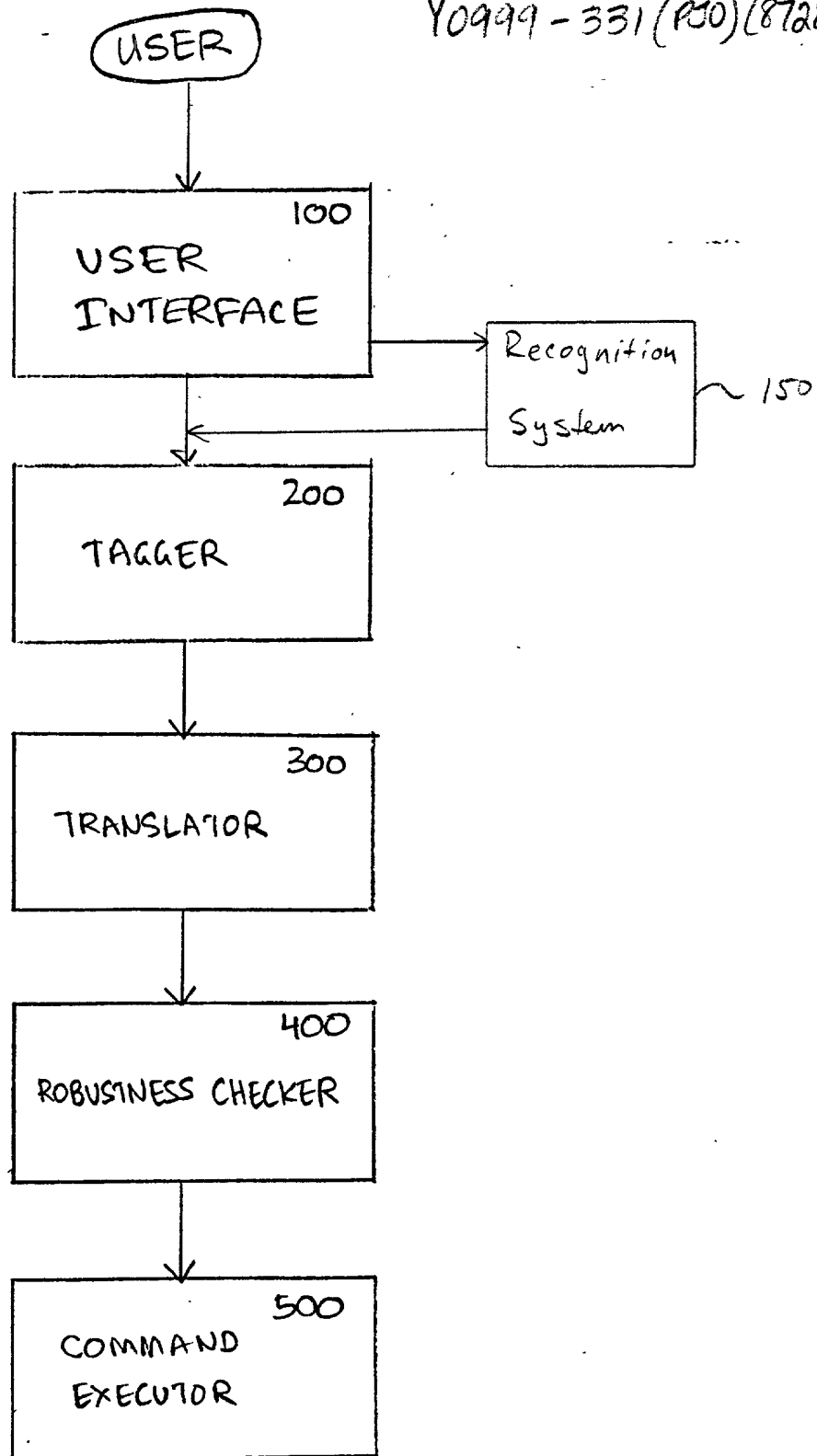


FIG. 1

DEC: close_folder(name="message log")
 COR: close_folder(name="message log").

TDEC: [CLOSE close CLOSE] the -[FNAME message log FNAME] [FOLDER folder FOLDER]
 TCOR: [CLOSE close CLOSE] the [FNAME message log FNAME] [FOLDER folder FOLDER]
 Complete match

2 1. CLOSE the FNAME FOLDER (Tagging score: 0.873911) 204
 1 0.96887374 close_folder(name=FNAME)
 2 304 0.011986108 close_folder(folder=current)
 3 0.005749428 close_object(object=current)
 4 0.0053696297 open_folder(name=FNAME)
 2 5 0.0033040044 close_window(window=current) 204
 2. CLOSE the MSG FNAME FOLDER (Tagging score: 0.03781)
 1 0.791468 close_folder(name=FNAME)
 2 304 0.15737012 close_message_window(message=current)
 3 0.025178693 close_folder(folder=current)
 4 0.006940578 close_window(window=current)
 5 0.004540644 close_application(application=mail)
 2 3. CLOSE the FNAME (Tagging score: 0.00714398) 204
 1 0.84850997 close_folder(name=FNAME)
 2 0.1393669 close_object(object=current)
 3 304 0.0047025573 open_folder(name=FNAME)
 4 0.002893546 close_window(window=current)
 5 0.001893007 close_application(application=mail)

FIG. 2

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Y0999-331 (8728-310)

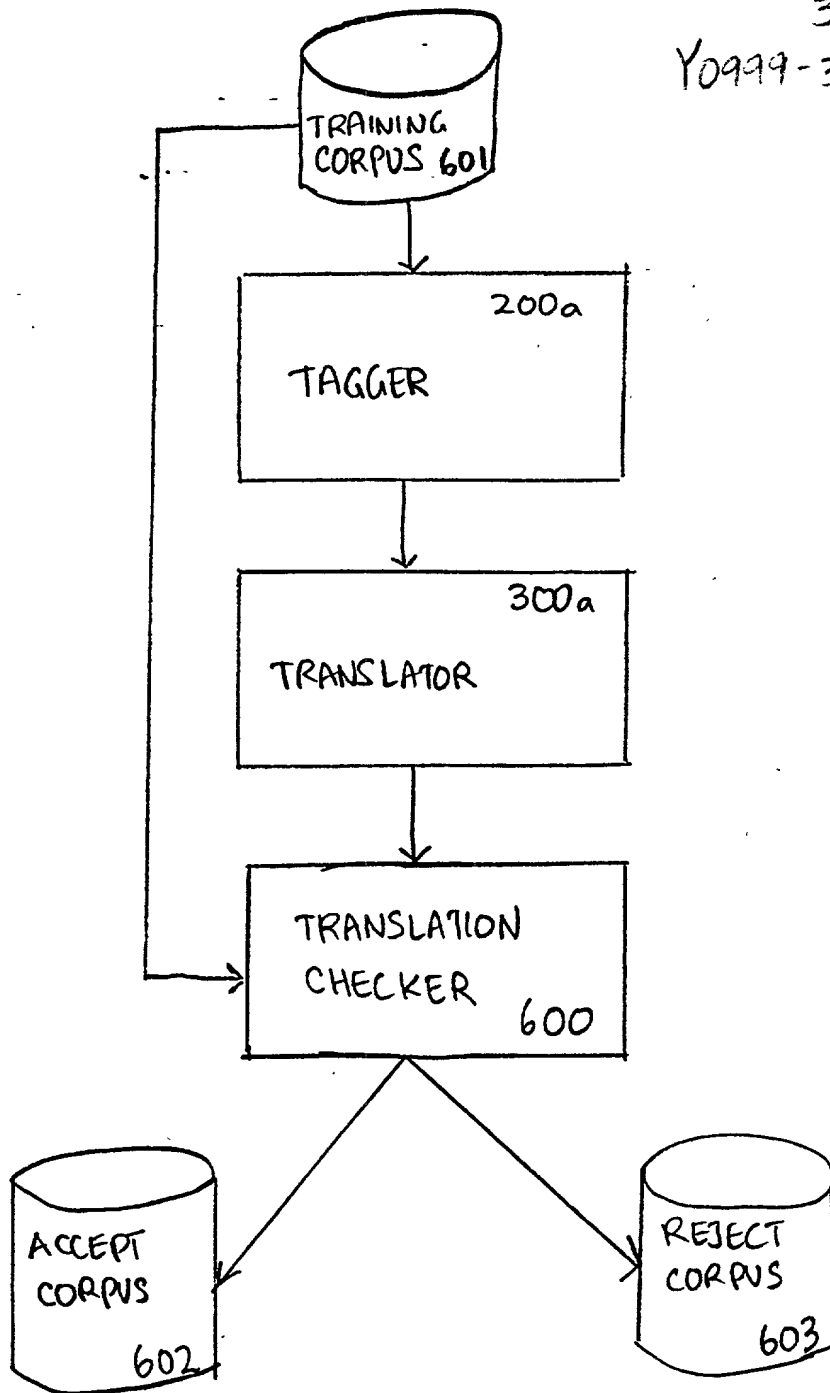


FIG. 3

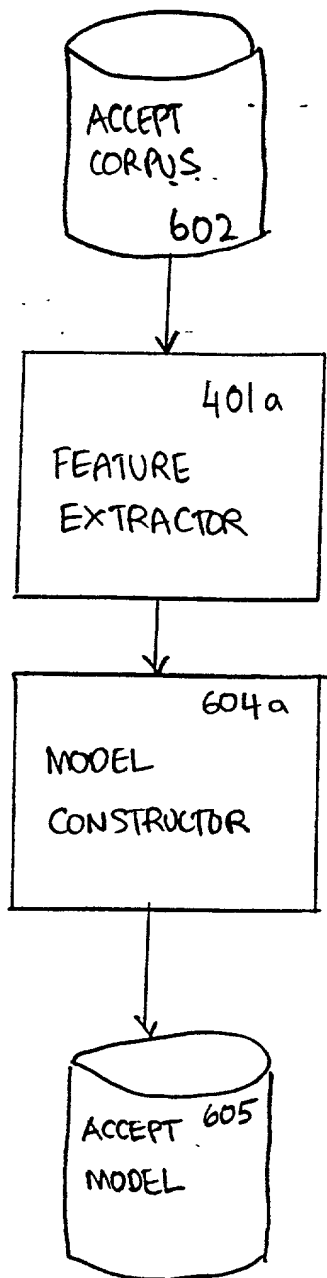


FIG. 4A

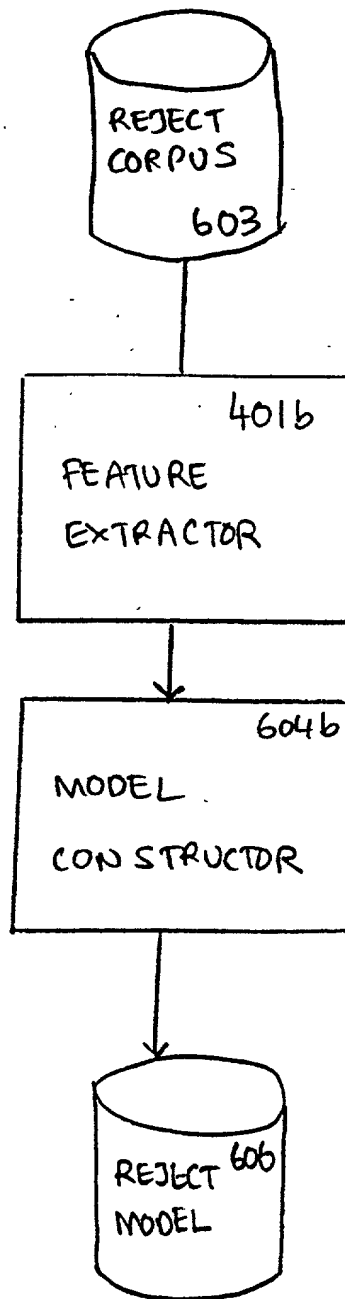


FIG. 4B

66000-2000000

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Y0999-331 (8728-310)

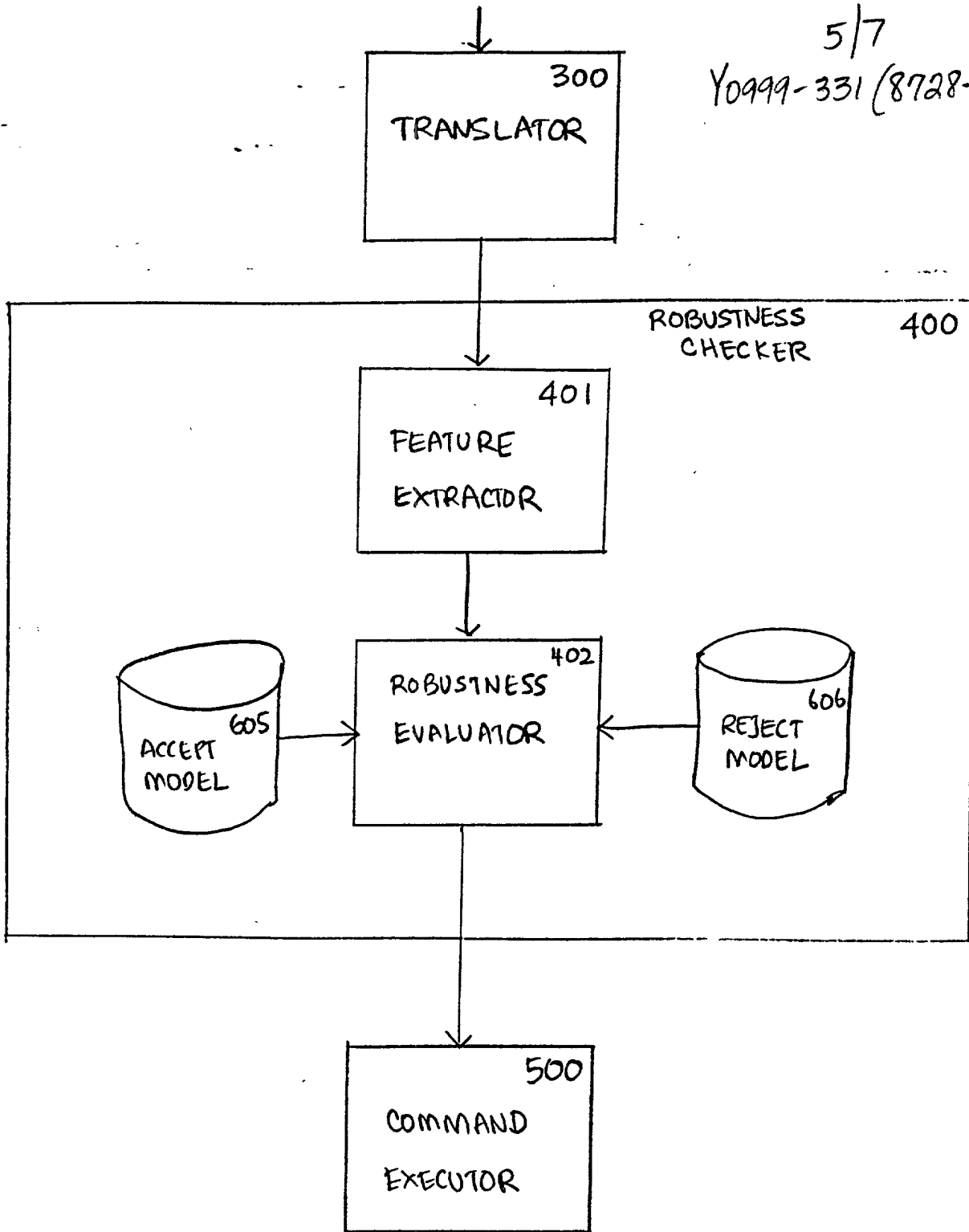


FIG. 5

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10999-331
(8728-310)

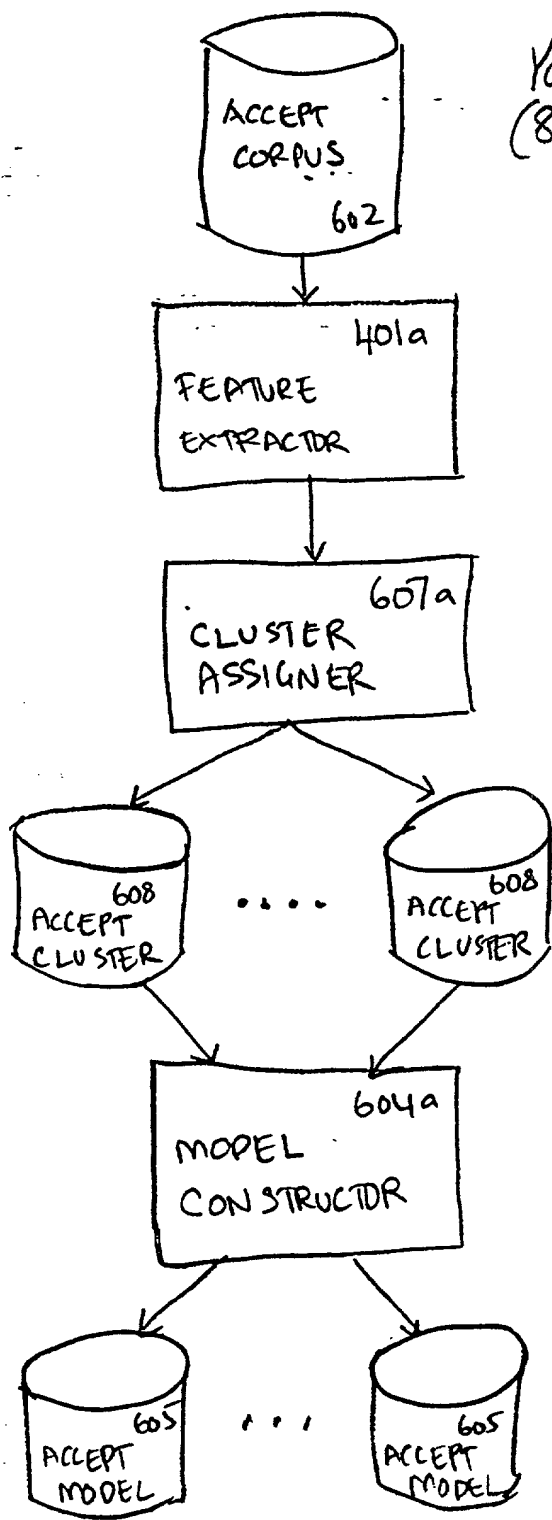


FIG. 6A

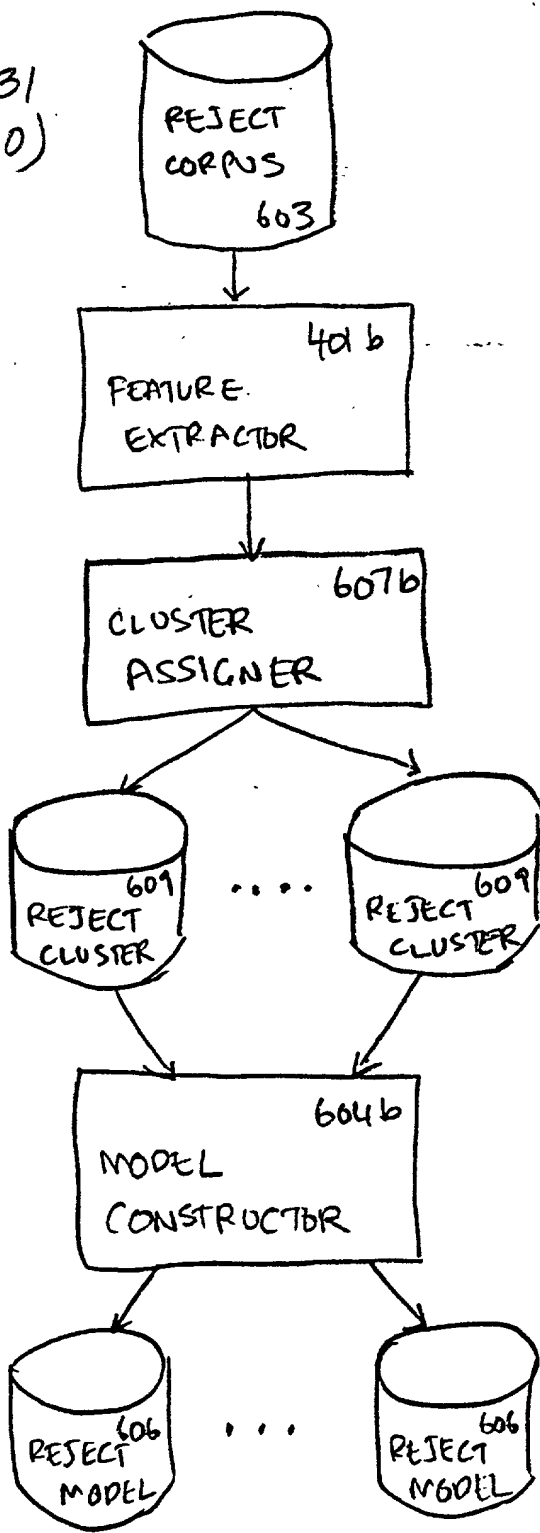
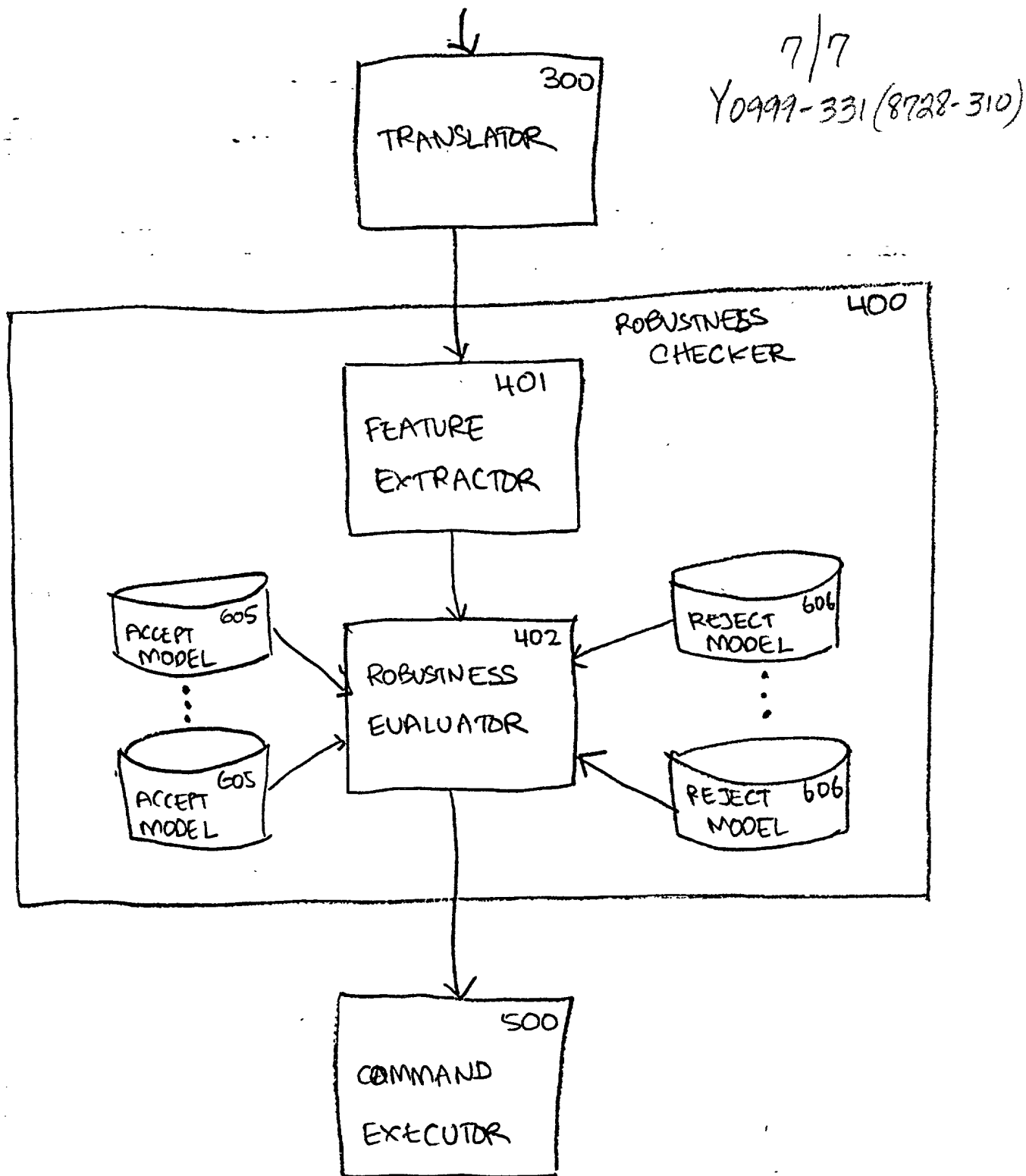


FIG. 6B



Flg. 7

AS A BELOW NAMED INVENTOR, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated next to my name.

I believe that I am the original, first and sole (*if only one name is listed below*), or an original, first and joint inventor (*if plural names are listed below*), of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

**TITLE: METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR ENSURING ROBUSTNESS
IN NATURAL LANGUAGE UNDERSTANDING**

the specification of which either is attached hereto or indicates an attorney docket no. YO999-331 (8728-310), or:

☐ was filed in the U.S. Patent & Trademark Office on _____ and assigned Serial No. _____,

☐ and (*if applicable*) was amended on _____,

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above. I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability and to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37 of the Code of Federal Regulations §1.56. I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, U.S. Code §119(a)-(d) or §365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or §365(a) of any PCT international application which designated at least one country other than the United States, or §119(e) of any United States provisional application(s), listed below and have also identified below any foreign applications for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Priority Claimed:

Yes [] No []

(Application Number) (Country) (Day/Month/Year filed)

Yes [] No []

(Application Number) (Country) (Day/Month/Year filed)

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, U.S. Code, §120, of any United States application(s), or §365(c) of any PCT International application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application(s) in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, U.S. Code, §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information material to patentability as defined in Title 37, The Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a) which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

(Application Serial Number) (Filing Date) (STATUS: patented, pending, abandoned)

(Application Serial Number) (Filing Date) (STATUS: patented, pending, abandoned)

I hereby appoint the following attorneys: **MANNY W. SCHECTER**, Reg. No. 31,722; **TERRY J. ILARDI**, Reg. 29,936; **CHRISTOPHER A. HUGHES**, Reg. No. 26,914; **EDWARD A. PENNINGTON**, Reg. No. 32,588; **JOHN E. HOEL**, Reg. No. 26,279; **JOSEPH C. REDMOND, Jr.**, Reg. No. 18,753; **KEVIN M. JORDAN**, Reg. No. 40,277; **STEPHEN C. KAUFMAN**, Reg. No. 29,551; **JAY P. SBROLLINI**, Reg. No. 36,266; **DAVID M. SHOFI**, Reg. No. 39,835; **ROBERT M. TREPP**, Reg. No. 25,933; **LOUIS P. HERZBERG**, Reg. No. 41,500; **DANIEL P. MORRIS**, Reg. No. 32,053; **DOUGLAS W. CAMERON**, Reg. No. 31,596; **LOUIS J. PERCELLO**, Reg. No. 33,206; and **PAUL J. OTTERSTEDT**, Reg. No. 37,411; each of them of **INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS MACHINES CORPORATION**, Thomas J. Watson Research Center, P.O. Box 218, Yorktown Heights, New York 10598; to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith and with any divisional, continuation, continuation-in-part, reissue or re-examination application, with full power of appointment and with full power to substitute an associate attorney or agent, and to receive all patents which may issue thereon, and request that all correspondence be addressed to:

Frank Chau, Esq.
F. CHAU & ASSOCIATES, LLP
1900 Hempstead Turnpike, Suite 501
East Meadow, New York 11554
Tel.: 516-357-0091

AS A BELOW NAMED INVENTOR, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated next to my name.

I believe that I am the original, first and sole (*if only one name is listed below*), or an original, first and joint inventor (*if plural names are listed below*), of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

**TITLE: METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR ENSURING ROBUSTNESS
IN NATURAL LANGUAGE UNDERSTANDING**

the specification of which either is attached hereto or indicates an attorney docket no. YO999-331 (8728-310), or:

☐ was filed in the U.S. Patent & Trademark Office on _____ and assigned Serial No. _____,

☐ and (*if applicable*) was amended on _____,

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above. I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability and to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37 of the Code of Federal Regulations §1.56. I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, U.S. Code §119(a)-(d) or §365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or §365(a) of any PCT international application which designated at least one country other than the United States, or §119(e) of any United States provisional application(s), listed below and have also identified below any foreign applications for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Priority Claimed:

Yes [] No []

(Application Number) (Country) (Day/Month/Year filed)

Yes [] No []

(Application Number) (Country) (Day/Month/Year filed)

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, U.S. Code, §120, of any United States application(s), or §365(c) of any PCT International application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application(s) in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, U.S. Code, §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information material to patentability as defined in Title 37, The Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a) which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

(Application Serial Number) (Filing Date) (STATUS: patented, pending, abandoned)

(Application Serial Number) (Filing Date) (STATUS: patented, pending, abandoned)

I hereby appoint the following attorneys: MANNY W. SCHECTER, Reg. No. 31,722; TERRY J. ILARDI, Reg. 29,936; CHRISTOPHER A. HUGHES, Reg. No. 26,914; EDWARD A. PENNINGTON, Reg. No. 32,588; JOHN E. HOEL, Reg. No. 26,279; JOSEPH C. REDMOND, Jr., Reg. No. 18,753; KEVIN M. JORDAN, Reg. No. 40,277; STEPHEN C. KAUFMAN, Reg. No. 29,551; JAY P. SBROLLINI, Reg. No. 36,266; DAVID M. SHOFLI, Reg. No. 39,835; ROBERT M. TREPP, Reg. No. 25,933; LOUIS P. HERZBERG, Reg. No. 41,500; DANIEL P. MORRIS, Reg. No. 32,053; DOUGLAS W. CAMERON, Reg. No. 31,596; LOUIS J. PERCELLO, Reg. No. 33,206; and PAUL J. OTTERSTEDT, Reg. No. 37,411; each of them of INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS MACHINES CORPORATION, Thomas J. Watson Research Center, P.O. Box 218, Yorktown Heights, New York 10598; to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith and with any divisional, continuation, continuation-in-part, reissue or re-examination application, with full power of appointment and with full power to substitute an associate attorney or agent, and to receive all patents which may issue thereon, and request that all correspondence be addressed to:

Frank Chau, Esq.
F. CHAU & ASSOCIATES, LLP
1900 Hempstead Turnpike, Suite 501
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Tel.: 516-357-0091

AS A BELOW NAMED INVENTOR, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated next to my name.

I believe that I am the original, first and sole (*if only one name is listed below*), or an original, first and joint inventor (*if plural names are listed below*), of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled:

**TITLE: METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR ENSURING ROBUSTNESS
IN NATURAL LANGUAGE UNDERSTANDING**

the specification of which either is attached hereto or indicates an attorney docket no. YO999-331 (8728-310), or:

☐ was filed in the U.S. Patent & Trademark Office on _____ and assigned Serial No. _____,

☐ and (*if applicable*) was amended on _____,

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above. I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability and to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37 of the Code of Federal Regulations §1.56. I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, U.S. Code §119(a)-(d) or §365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or §365(a) of any PCT international application which designated at least one country other than the United States, or §119(e) of any United States provisional application(s), listed below and have also identified below any foreign applications for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Priority Claimed:

Yes [] No []

(Application Number) (Country) (Day/Month/Year filed)

Yes [] No []

(Application Number) (Country) (Day/Month/Year filed)

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, U.S. Code, §120, of any United States application(s), or §365(c) of any PCT International application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application(s) in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, U.S. Code, §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information material to patentability as defined in Title 37, The Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a) which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

(Application Serial Number) (Filing Date) (STATUS: patented, pending, abandoned)

(Application Serial Number) (Filing Date) (STATUS: patented, pending, abandoned)

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I HEREBY DECLARE that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under §1001 of Title 18 U.S. Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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Číslo ověřovací knihy: 691106/0662
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Jehož obsah je v příloze podle OF (P) LP 667046
V dne 10 čnc 30. VIII. 1999



IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

APPLICANT(S): Ramaswamy et al.
SERIAL NO.: Unassigned
FILED: Concurrently herewith
FOR: METHOD AND SYSTEM FOR ENSURING ROBUSTNESS
IN NATURAL LANGUAGE UNDERSTANDING

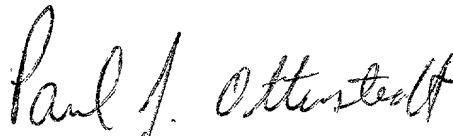
ASSOCIATE POWER OF ATTORNEY

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